

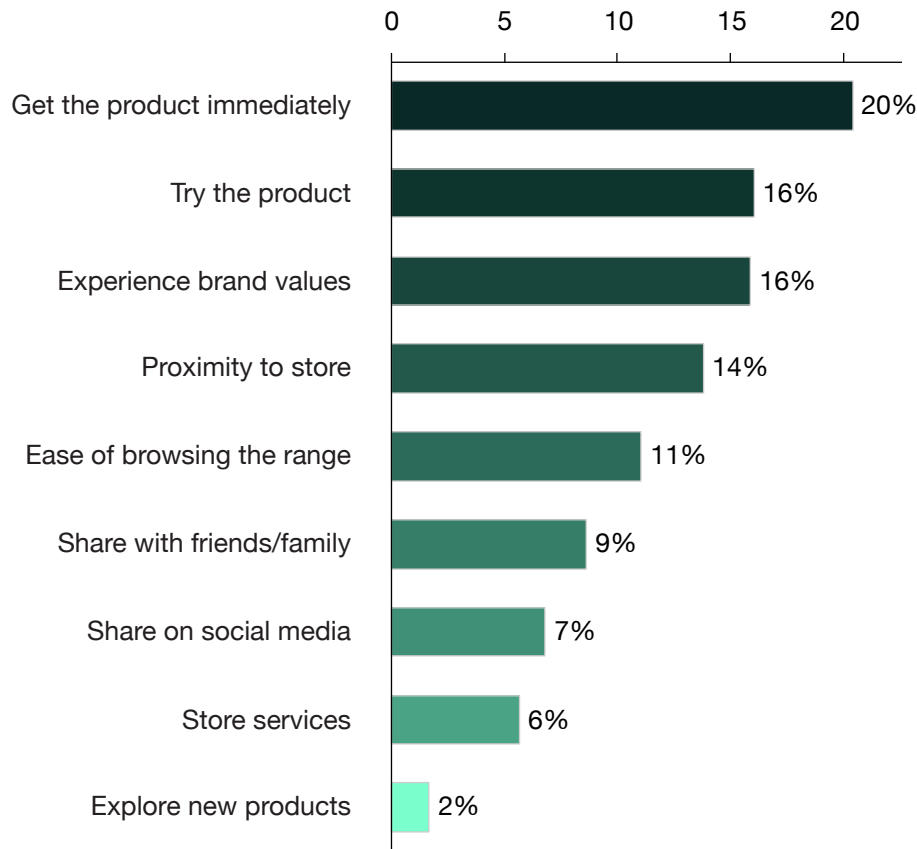


## **Shopping in a Physical Store rather than Online**

*Question: Please select the top 3 reasons why you would choose to shop in a physical store rather than online?*

Getting the product immediately is the main reason for shopping in a physical store across most geographies and demographic groups. Trying the product is most important for IN, GCC and young consumers. Proximity is important to US and older consumers. Brand values are important to CN, GCC and ages 25-34

## Reasons for Shopping in a Physical Store



## Most Important Reasons for Shopping in a Physical Store

**34%**

Prioritise physical stores for immediacy/convenience, showing the need for the store location to be appropriate

**32%**

Prioritise physical stores to engage with the product and/or brand, showing the need for the store content and environment to be appropriate



Proximity to the Store

USA



24%

AGE



19%



Experience Brand Values

CHINA



22%

GCC



17%

AGE



21%



Experience the Store Services

INDIA



39%

CHINA



20%

AGE

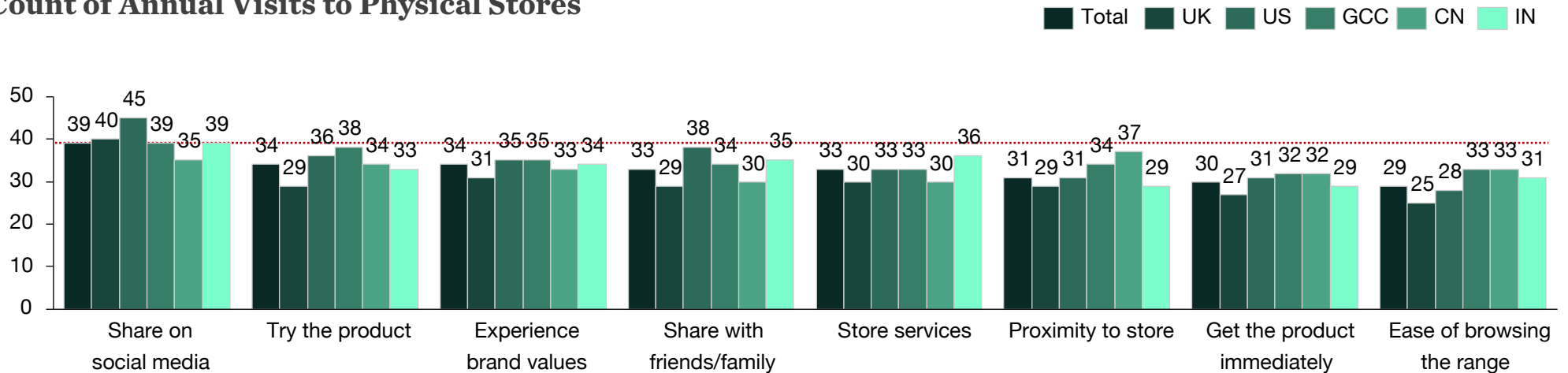


47%

## **Frequency of Visits to Physical Stores vs Reasons to Shop In-Store**

Higher frequency visitors to physical stores identify sharing their shopping experiences on social media as a key reason for their visit, with this behaviour more prevalent in the US. While in India, higher frequency visits are associated with a desire to experience store services.

## Count of Annual Visits to Physical Stores



Consumers who **identify sharing their experience on social media** as a key reason for their visit, have the **highest overall frequency**.



In **India**, higher frequency of visit to a **physical store** is associated with **experiencing the store's services**



In the **US** and **GCC** countries, **trying products and experiencing brand values** is associated with **higher visit frequency**.



For consumers in **China**, **proximity to store** is associated with **higher visit frequency**

## **Spending Habits**

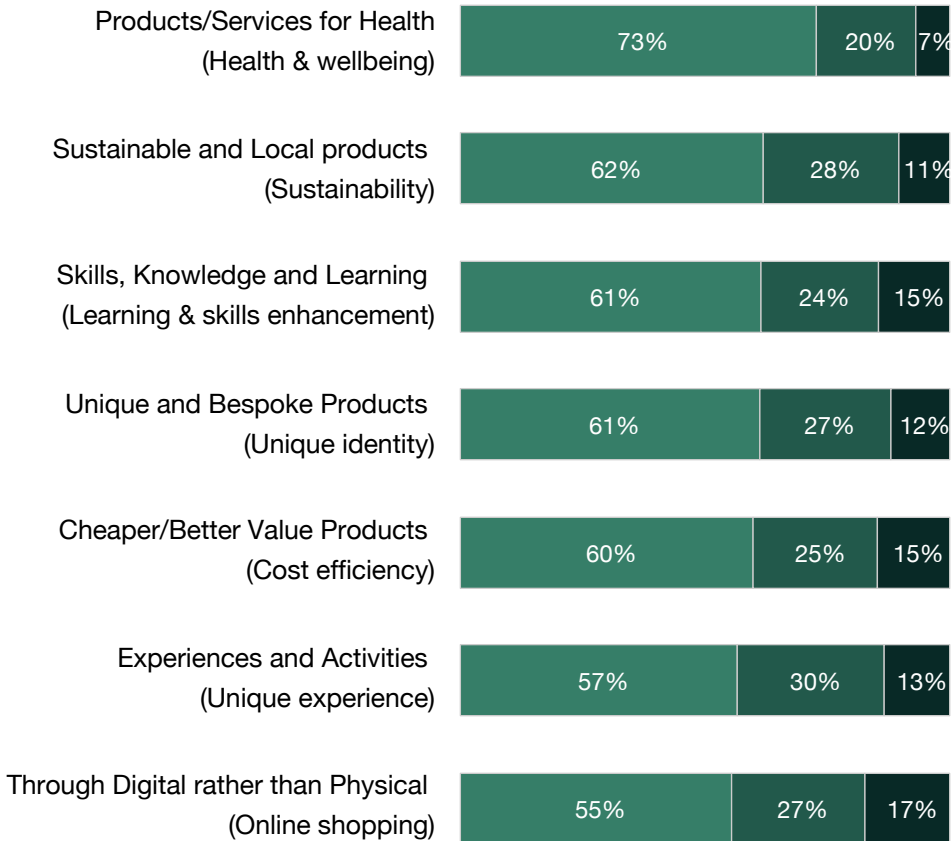
*Question: To what extent do you agree with the following statements in describing your spending habits, on a scale of agree to disagree?*

Most consumers across geographies describe health and wellbeing as a key influence on their shopping habits. In the UK and US, value is a key influence, while GCC, Chinese and Indian consumers identify the important of learning and skills enhancement.

**Best Descriptions of Spending Habits**

**I Spend More On:**

■ Agree  
 ■ Neutral  
 ■ Disagree



**Key Insights**



The majority of consumers across all geographies describe health and wellbeing as a key influence on their spending habits



UK (56%) and US (58%) consumers describe value as a key influence on their spending habits



GCC (75%), Chinese (70%) and Indian (77%) consumers describe learning and skills enhancement as a key influence on their spending habits



Indian (82%) and Chinese (70%) consumers describe interest in authentic and local sustainable products as a key influence on their spending habits

## **Impact of Inflation on Spending Behaviour**

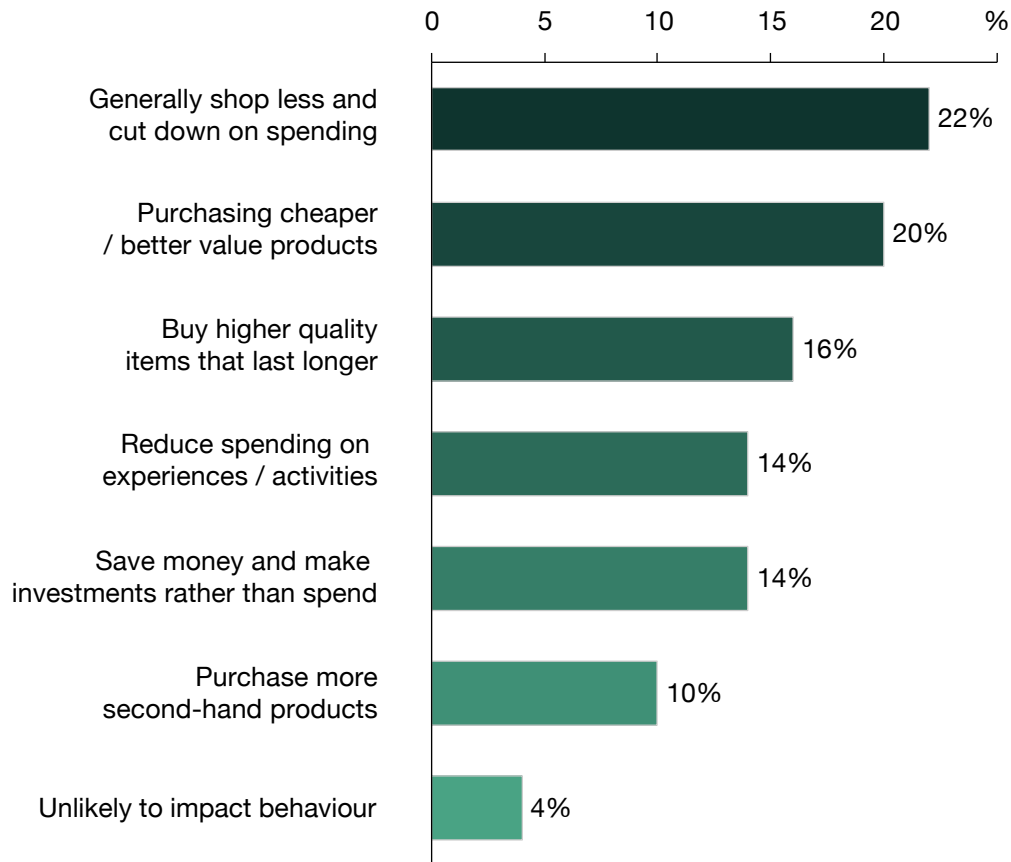
*Question: If the price of products and inflation rises significantly this year, how is this likely to impact your behaviour?*

*Please select up to 3 that apply*



In response to inflation, a significant proportion of consumers identify shopping less/cutting down on spending and purchasing cheaper/better value products as a key impact. In the UK and US younger consumers are more likely than other age groups to switch to cheaper/better value products, while Chinese, GCC and Indian consumers are more likely to buy higher quality items. Older consumers are more likely to reduce spending on experiences and activities.

## Impact of Inflation on Spending Behaviour



### Key Insights

**16%**



**Buy higher quality items that last longer**

Chinese (22%), GCC (22%) and Indian (18%) consumers are more likely to purchase higher quality items that last longer

**20%**



**Switch to purchasing cheaper / better value**

UK (23%) and US (21%) consumers are most likely to switch to cheaper / better value products, as well as ages 18-44 (20%)

**14%**



**Reduce spending on experiences and activities**

Older consumers aged 65+ are most likely to reduce spending on experiences / activities (18%)

**22%**



**Generally shop less and cut down on spending**

Consumers aged 45+ are most likely to cut down on spending (25%)

